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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/746,219	12/22/2000	Diego Carmello	CARP-0087	1142
7590 11/16/2005			EXAMINER	
Woodcock Washburn Kurtz			ELVE, MARIA ALEXANDRA	
Mackiewicz & Norris LLP One Liberty Place - 46th Floor			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBE	
Philadelphia, PA 19103			1725	

DATE MAILED: 11/16/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	A		į)		
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commons	09/746,219	CARMELLO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	M. Alexandra Elve	1725			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 M	av 2005.				
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3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) <u>1-10,15,17-26 and 34</u> is/are rejected.	·				
7) Claim(s) <u>11-14,16,27-33,35 and 36</u> is/are object	cted to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers	•				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 December 2000</u> is/a		ed to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•	•			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
Certified copies of the priority documents		•			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ed in this National Stage			
application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list		d			
dee the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	u.			
Attachment(s)					
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) D Notice of Informal P	atent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hershkowitz et al. (US Pat. 5,883,138).

Hershkowitz et al. discloses a metallic monolith catalyst in which the fluid flow is parallel to the catalyst axis. The catalytically active metal may be in a variety of forms, one being a monolith. Figure 3 demonstrates the irregular shape of the cell perimeter. (abstract, figures, col. 3, lines 24-27, col. 4, lines 65-67, col. 5, lines 20-35, col. 7, lines 40-67, col. 8, lines 59-61, col. 9, col. 10, lines 12-58, col. 11, lines 14-26, col. 12, lines 1-3)

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 3-10, 15, 17-26 & 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hershkowitz et al., as stated above and further in view of Matros et al. (US Pat. 6,314,722).

Hershkowitz et al. demonstrates the irregular shape of the cell perimeter, but not regular shapes such as, square, triangular, hexagonal or circular.

Matros et al. discloses a monolith catalyst, which has a square, circular, cylinder, or ring shape. Suitable catalysts include low temperature noble metal catalysts such as Pt/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Pt/SiO<sub>2</sub>, or Pt on ion-exchanged zeolite. Many zeolite-based catalysts incorporate transition metals such as Fe, Cu, Co. Some alumina-supported catalysts are made up of AgAlO<sub>2</sub>/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Sn/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>. Common SCR metal oxide catalysts includeTiO<sub>2</sub>-WO<sub>3</sub>-V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>. The catalytically active cylindrical monolith is 14 inches (355.6) mm) in diameter and 10 inches (254 mm) in length. It may be constructed from a standard metallic substrate formed from two sheets of metal foil, 0.5 mm thick, and rolled together in a spiral shape. One of the sheets is flat and the other is corrugated. The straight through channels formed between the corrugated and flat foil sheets are approximately 1.5 mm in size. The cell density of the channels, in cross section of the block, is about 200 cells per square inches (200 cpsi) and the total volume of the block is about 25L. a wash coat of base metal may be applied to the block. (abstract, figures, col. 2, lines 1-5, 37-38, col. 3, lines 35-67, col. 4, lines 35-66, col. 5, lines 1-10, col. 9, lines 49-67, col. 10, lines 1-29, col. 11, lines 40-60)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use different cell shapes, materials and dimensions, as taught by Matros et

al. in the Hershkowitz et al. monolith catalytic system because different cell shapes, materials and dimensions allow the flow conditions and hence reaction kinetics to be tailored to the required process.

### Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 11-14, 16, 27-33, 35-36 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 5/3/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the Hershkowitz et al. support is for a selective gas phase reactions and hence not applicable prior art with respect to instant claims. The examiner respectfully disagrees because the recitation of intended use is not in of itself determine patentability.

Applicant argues that there is no motivation to combine the references. The examiner respectfully disagrees because both references are drawn to the same field that is, monolith catalyst.

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Applicant argues that Matros only discloses random packing and hence is not applicable prior art over instant claims. The examiner respectfully disagrees because the prior art must be taken as a whole and not read just in terms of a specific embodiment.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Alexandra Elve whose telephone number is 571-272-1173. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30-3:00 Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on 571-272-1171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

October 31, 2005.

M. ALEXANDRA ELVE